

Parta Auxiliar #3  
C131A - Mecánica de Fluidos

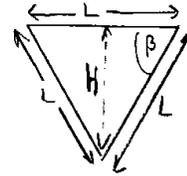
P1

Peso cuerpo:

$$\vec{N} = \gamma_c \cdot (2b \cdot e \cdot L + 2 \cdot \frac{H \cdot L}{2} \cdot e)$$

$$\vec{N} = \gamma_c (2b \cdot e \cdot L + L^2 \operatorname{sen} \beta \cdot e)$$

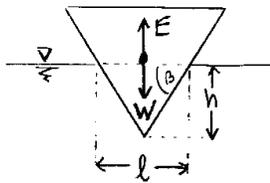
$$\vec{N} = 63,89 \text{ [N]}$$



$$\operatorname{sen} \beta = \frac{H}{L} \Rightarrow H = L \operatorname{sen} \beta$$

$$H = 17,3 \text{ [cm]}$$

a) Estado de equilibrio inicial



Peso = Empuje  $(\sum F = 0)$

$$E = \gamma \cdot V_d$$

$V_d$ : volumen de liquido desplazado

$$V_d = \frac{l \cdot h \cdot (b+2e)}{2}$$

$$\operatorname{sen} \beta = \frac{h}{l} \Rightarrow l = \frac{h}{\operatorname{sen} \beta}$$

$$V_d = \frac{h^2 \cdot (b+2e)}{2 \operatorname{sen} \beta}$$

$$E = W \Rightarrow W = \frac{\gamma h^2 (b+2e)}{2 \operatorname{sen} \beta} \Rightarrow h = \sqrt{\frac{2W \operatorname{sen} \beta}{\gamma (b+2e)}}$$

$$\Rightarrow h = 10,5 \text{ [cm]}$$

b) Momento en que el cuerpo se hunde:

$$\text{Volumen desplazado} = \frac{H^2 (b+2e)}{2 \operatorname{sen} \beta}$$

$$\text{Empuje} = \gamma \cdot V_d = \frac{\gamma H^2 (b+2e)}{2 \operatorname{sen} \beta}$$

$$\sum F = 0 \Rightarrow E = W + W_{liq}$$

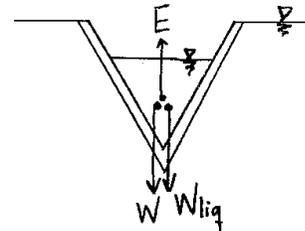
$$W_{liq} = E - W = 109,24 \text{ [N]}$$

$$\text{pero } W_{liq} = \gamma \cdot V_{liq}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{liq} = 0,01115 \text{ [m}^3\text{]} = 11,15 \text{ [lt]}$$

$$Q = \frac{V_{liq}}{t^*} \Rightarrow t^* = \frac{V_{liq}}{Q} = 5,57 \text{ [min]}$$

↑  
tiempo que demora  
en salir un volumen  $V_{liq}$   
por la llave.



Carlos Reiter N.